



THE ROLE OF POPULATION GROWTH IN SOCIETY DEVELOPMENT

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ABSTRACT

This thesis is devoted to the socio-philosophical and demographic analysis of the impact of population growth on the development of society. Population growth is one of the important factors in the economic, social and cultural development of a society. An increase in labor resources, an increase in production potential and expansion of the domestic market are the positive results of the population growth.

Population growth is one of the important demographic factors that directly affect the development of a society. It occupies an important place in the development of economic development, social stability, labor force formation, as well as strategic policy of the state. Population growth serves as an expansion of the productive forces, an increase in market volume, and an increase in economic activity.

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First, population growth ensures an increase in labor resources. The growth of the able-bodied population creates the basis for increasing output in the industry, agriculture and service sectors. This will lead to the growth of gross domestic product and strengthening of the country's economic potential.

Second, population growth will cause the domestic market to expand. An increase in the population will contribute to an increase in consumer demand, the creation of new jobs and the development of entrepreneurial activity. As a result, the economic cycle accelerates and the well-being of society increases.

Third, demographic growth underpins the development of social spheres. The expansion of education, health, housing, and infrastructure systems will focus on meeting the needs of residents. This process requires the state to pursue a carefully planned social policy.

However, the extreme rate of population growth can also create some problems. These include unemployment, resource scarcity, environmental problems, and social inequality. Therefore, it is important to coordinate population growth with economic capacity.

At the same time, population growth has a complex and multifaceted impact on the development of society. If population growth is not commensurate with the rate of economic development, social infrastructure, and environmental opportunities, problems such as unemployment, poverty, social inequality, and resource scarcity will occur. This condition can have a negative impact on social stability in society.

From a philosophical point of view, population growth is directly related to the value of human life, the purpose of society, and the criteria for development. Population growth implies not only quantitative growth, but also qualitative development of human capital. Developments in the fields of education, health and culture amplify the positive impact of population growth on the development of society.

At the same time, population growth has a complex impact on the development of society. Unemployment, poverty, and social inequality can increase when population growth is not commensurate with rapid population growth and economic and social infrastructure development. From a philosophical perspective, population growth is inseparably linked with the value of human life and the goals of society development. Therefore, to ensure sustainable development, it becomes important to maintain a balance between population growth and the qualitative development of human capital.

Role of population growth in society' s development: Population growth contributes to the expansion of labor resources, increase of production potential and economic activity. In this way, it is one of the important factors in the development of society.

However, if population growth is not commensurate with economic opportunities, social infrastructure, and natural resources, it can create problems such as unemployment, poverty, and social tensions. From a philosophical point of view, population growth is measured not only by quantitative indicators, but also by qualitative development of human capital. Education, health and spiritual advancement amplify the positive impact of population growth on the development of society. Therefore, sustainable development implies ensuring a balance between population growth and society development.

In conclusion, population growth is an important factor for the development of a society, which, if properly managed, serves economic uplift, social stability and the development of the country. Rational management of demographic processes is one of the priorities of each state. Positive or negative effects depend on public policy, social conditions, and moral values. For achieving sustainable development, it is important to achieve a balance between population growth and societal growth.

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